

# CONGRATULATING THE ARCHBISHOP HOBAN BOYS BASKETBALL TEAM

(Mrs. SYKES asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mrs. SYKES. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate the Archbishop Hoban boys' basketball team from Ohio's 13th Congressional District and the city of Akron for winning the Division I boys basketball championship for the year 2023.

On Sunday, the Archbishop Hoban Knights defeated Pickerington Central 53-47 in the Division I championship, marking the team's first title in 34 years. This was Archbishop Hoban's first appearance at the State championship since they last won the title in 1989.

These student athletes have made the entire Akron community proud and continue to display their excellence, determination, and work ethic both on the court and in the classroom.

I also congratulate head coach T.K. Griffith, who has led the Hoban boys' basketball program for 30 years, as well as the staff, trainers, parents, cheerleaders, and everyone who helped carry these student athletes over the finish line.

They are, in fact, the reason why Ohio 13 is the birthplace of champions.

Congratulations one more time to Ohio 13's Champions of the Week, the fearless Knights, for bringing the Division I trophy back home to Akron.

## WE USED TO TRUST OUR EDUCATORS

(Mr. SANTOS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SANTOS. Mr. Speaker, my colleagues on the other side of the aisle are begging for a compromise, asking for our trust.

We trusted that our children would be safeguarded from lewd content such as this book. I can't quote a page nor show a page from this book because it is against the decorum for this body. Why is this appropriate in our schools?

Here is the reality. We used to trust our educators. We trusted that our educators respected the boundaries of the home. We trusted that they would leave the rearing of our children to the parents. We trusted that the curriculum was not formulated by bureaucrats and that classrooms would not be transformed into indoctrination camps. We trusted that our school boards would respect children's parents and not refer to them as domestic terrorists when they voiced their concerns.

We were let down.

The Parents Bill of Rights Act will put the power back in the hands of parents and provide them with the information they need to ensure their children receive the best education.

Parents have a right to know what their children are taught. Parents have

a right to see the school budget and spending. Parents have the right to keep their children safe.

## CELEBRATING WOMEN'S HISTORY MONTH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 9, 2023, the gentlewoman from Wisconsin (Ms. MOORE) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the minority leader.

Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, I am so delighted to be joined this evening by women members of the Democratic Women's Caucus.

The chairwoman, LOIS FRANKEL, is here with us this evening. Vice Chairs AYANNA PRESSLEY and KATHY MANNING and other members of the Democratic Women's Caucus, Representatives SYDNEY KAMLAGER-DOVE and EMILIA SYKES, are with us here this evening, as well.

We are celebrating Women's History Month. What we thought we would do today is talk about many of the women who have come to Congress and made history and a big difference in this very male-oriented institution.

We call your attention to this chart. It starts here at about 1917, quite frankly, when Jeannette Rankin was the first woman elected to Congress, all the way back to 1789. We finally elected a woman in 1917. She served 1 year, not even one term, because she voted against the war.

Here we are today. Within 1 hour, Mr. Speaker, we won't have a chance to talk about all of these women, but I think that the women we have chosen to speak about are women who found that they had the same profound challenges in this institution. They were highly educated and very intelligent, yet they faced tremendous hurdles. They overcame them and made a big difference in our institution.

We are going to talk about Bella Abzug from New York tonight. We are going to talk about now-Senator TAMMY BALDWIN from Wisconsin, who was a Member of this body. We are going to talk about Patsy Mink and now-Secretary Marcia Fudge from Ohio, who was Representative Fudge. We are going to talk about Shirley Chisholm. We may mention a thing or two about NANCY PELOSI from California, who is our Speaker Emerita.

We are going to talk about Barbara Jordan; LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD; Stephanie Tubbs Jones; Senator MAZIE HIRONO, who was a Member of this body before she went over to the Senate; Pat Schroeder, who just recently passed; and Geraldine Ferraro.

We are going to talk about now-Secretary Deb Haaland, who was a former House Member, as the first Native American Cabinet Secretary but also one of the two first Native Americans to be elected to this body, along with Representative SHARICE DAVIDS.

We are going to talk about the first Muslim women to join our body, Rep-

resentatives RASHIDA TLAIB and ILHAN OMAR.

Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. LOIS FRANKEL), the chairwoman of the Democratic Women's Caucus.

Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I thank my great colleague from Wisconsin (Ms. MOORE) for yielding and for organizing this session tonight. I am happy to be with all of my colleagues who are here tonight, also.

I am very proud to be a Congresswoman in one of the most diverse Congresses in our history. It is the most diverse. We now have 94 Democratic women. We even have quite a few Republican women, which is great.

Listen, I am here as a mother and grandmother as we celebrate Women's History Month. It is a time to reflect on the historic gains women have made and reclaim our efforts as we march to equity.

This is a time that we pay tribute, sister—I will call you sister; I feel like you are my sister—to the strong, fearless, and selfless women who paved the way for us all.

When I think about it, just about every one of us here was first at something, but we know we are not going to be last. We are first but not last. In that regard, I am going to do a couple of shout-outs.

I want to shout out to our Vice President, KAMALA HARRIS, the first woman Vice President of the United States, who, of course, graced our Senate.

I want to shout out to the first woman of color ever elected to this Congress, Patsy Mink, who was the first Asian American and also the author of Title IX, which has meant so much for women to advance in education.

I am also going to do a shout-out to someone who was one of my very good friends, who I miss already as she retired last year, and that is LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD, a very proud California Member, the first Mexican-American woman to be in Congress.

It is not really their ethnic identity that I think about. Because I got to serve with LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD, I remember her grit, her determination, the first woman of color cardinal in charge of an Appropriations Committee subcommittee and a lot of battles as chair of the Homeland Security Subcommittee.

I want to tell you what she left. She left a quote: "One thing that I hope is that the people that I have represented over the years know that I have worked as hard as I possibly could on their behalf and that I served them honorably and that, hopefully, I made a positive difference in their life."

I will tell you this, LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD, if you are listening to this: You made a positive difference in many, many people's lives.

□ 1945

Now, Mr. Speaker, let me talk about someone who is a personal heroine of